24

25

PROCEEDINGS

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
ASARCO PUBLIC HEARING
RUSTON/NORTH TACOMA STUDY AREA



Tacoma Community College Theater 5900 South 12th Street Tacoma, Washington

BAYSIDE REPORTERS 4041 Ruston Way Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402



TRANSCRIBED BY PAMELA J. FRANZ October 1, 1992

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) $\mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{A}}} \mbox{\ensuremath$

0003

Tacoma, Washington 98402
Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 83

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001
Certified Minority/Women Business No: W2F0107754

13,6-0003

CORRECTIONS/CLARIFICATIONS STATEMENT

10/01/92 TRANSCRIPT OF RUSTON/NO. TACMA PUBLIC MEETING

```
line 2
                to it should be through it
pg 5
pg 6
       line 16 had should be met
                we would should be they would
       line 11
pg 8
pg 9
       line 1
                protected should be protective
       line 14
pg 10
                assignments should be sites
       line 22
                doesn't should be does
pg 11
pg 13
       line 11
                First should be Pierce
pg 15
       line 12
                way should be Study
pg 22
       line 20
                of cities & towns should be and the City & Town
      line 12
                is should be are
pg 23
       line 18
                delete have
pg 24
pg 25
       line 6
                Have we had should be will we hold
       line 7
                meeting should be meetings
pg 25
                are required should be inserted after meetings
       line 24
pg 31
                insert Ms. Peterson before that's
                modern should be
pg 33
       line 15
                                  water
pg 34
       lines 8, 15
        & 20
                Ms. Pirzadeh should be Ms. Peterson
       lines 20
pg 36
         & 25
                Divali should be
                                   Davoli
       lines 6,
pq 37
                Divali should be
       14 & 21
                                   Davoli
       lines 5,
pg 38
       11 & 17
                Divali should be
                                   Davoli
       line 9
pg 39
                group should be gutter
       line 12
                matters should be metals
pg 48
       line 14
                levels should be
pg 48
                                   metals
pg 49
       lines 10
        & 11
                "we've found children with behavioral and
                learning problems" should read is that
                exposure to lead can cause learning and
                behavioral disabilities.
pg 53
       line 23
                to clarify Ms. Peterson's statement - EPA pays
                her "check" but will ask ASARCO to reimburse the
                agency for her work on the project.
       line 3
pg 56
                commentaries should be commentors
pg 65
       line 7
                not should be now
pg 69
       line 2
                tapped should be capped
pg 70
       lines 22
                (b) (6)
        & 23
                          should be (b)(6)
       line 1
                     should be don't
pg 87
                just
pg 92
       lines 16
         & 17
                they take should be
                                      leachate
pg 95
       line 24
                gown should be
                                down
                insert be held between not & liable
pg 97
       line 2
```

TABLE OF CONTENTS PAGE: OPENING COMMENTS QUESTION-AND-ANSWER PERIOD PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD (b) (6) QUESTION-AND-ANSWER PERIOD BOARD MEMBERS IN ATTENDANCE: Michelle Pirzadeh, Community Relations Coordintor Piper Peterson, Project Manager Tod Gold, Assistant Regional Counsel Bruce Cochran, State Department of Ecology

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

22

23

24

25

The Asarco Public Meeting of the Environmental Protection Agency convened at the Tacoma Community College Theater, 5900 South 12th Street, Tacoma, Washington, on the 1st day of October, 1992, at 6:40 p.m., Ms. Pirzadeh presiding.

MS. PIRZADEH: I think we'll go ahead and get started. Sorry for the delay, we had guite a few people still coming in.

My name is Michelle Pirzadeh and I work as a community relations coordinator for EPA. And on behalf of EPA, I'd like to welcome all of you this evening and thank you for coming to the meeting. We're happy to see such a good turnout and hopeful that you'll have some questions and comments for us this evening.

Before we get into our agenda, I'd like to take just a couple minutes to cover a couple of housekeeping-type items. As you came in the door, there were agendas and some handouts. The two I think you probably want to have, at least for the meeting, is the blue agenda as well as the copies of the overhead slides that we'll be using tonight, in case you'd like to jot down some notes and some questions that you'd like to ask us, and we'll

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

٥.

get to the question-and-answer portion.

Also, if you would sign up on the sign-in sheet, that would ensure that you're on our mailing list so that you'll get additional information about where we're going and our activities and how the process is proceeding.

There's also a second sign-in sheet for you to sign up if you'd like to submit a public comment this evening. And if you didn't do that already and you decide, during the course of our meeting, that you would like to present a comment, we'll take a little break and you'll have time to sign up on that during the break. Really, the purpose for doing that is so that I can gauge how many people would like to make a comment, to make sure that everyone has an equal opportunity to speak.

Also, I'd like to just let everyone know that we have a court reporter here this evening. She'll be taking a transcript of the entire meeting, such as we did at the meeting we held on September the lst. And the transcript of the meeting will become part of our permanent record, and it will be found in the information repositories that we usually keep for people who would like to review it or somebody that might not have been here this evening and would like to see what went on.

What I'd like to do is move into our agenda and, as you can see, we've prepared some brief presentations for

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

you. What we'd like to do is present that information and ask you to hold your questions until we get to it. We'll try to not make it last too long. Then we'll open it up for general questions and answers and, as I said, take a break and we'll come back and take public comments

So I'm going to start here with an overhead slide that I think is a pretty important one. And I'm going to ask someone in the back, (b)(6) , if you could dim the lights for me so that we can see these a little bit better. Thank you.

What I've got up here is a list, and again, this is in one of your handouts so you can take it with you and have it as a reference. I think this is important because these are resources for you to be able to use and get information from us. So I'd like to take a moment to run through them.

The first item on the list is community liaison. About three years ago, EPA hired a community liaison and his name is Clayton Johnson. He is one of the people that greeted you at the door. And he has an office in Ruston where he is three days a week and is available to answer questions or talk to you about your concerns, that kind of thing. And I would encourage you to make use of his time. His name and phone number appear regularly on our fact sheets and you can meet him at the break and

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

also visit his office.

As many of you are aware, we publish regular fact sheets and brochures, such as that are out on the counter tonight for you to pick up. We try and provide regular information so that you can keep up-to-date on what's going on.

We have about ten local information repositories that are always listed at the end of our fact sheets so that you can visit to find more detailed information, copies of the technical reports that we put out that have some of the maps that you see with the detailed sampling results on them.

We have a community work group that we've been meeting with for about three years now, about once a month. During the last two public comment periods that we've called, we haven't had quite as much to give those people an opportunity to come here and I think a few of them are here this evening.

That group has really focused on dealing with issues that have come up as we've moved towards getting to this proposed plan that we're going to be presenting to you tonight. The purpose of us being here tonight is really to describe to you our preferred alternative for cleanup, and also to take your questions and hear comments. And those people in that group have been very helpful in

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

getting to this point. And we plan to continue with the group. If anyone is interested in that, I'd encourage you to talk to one of us after the meeting or during the break so that we can take your name and address.

We've done some community interviews where we've met one-on-one with citizens and try to better understand their concerns so that we can do a better job with our information as it involves the public. And also open houses. Some of you attended some of our past meetings where we've had just general, informal format so that we could chat with several people and ask questions.

We hold a public comment period similar to what we're doing right now. So those of you that aren't aware, we are in a public comment period now until October the 17th. And our proposed plan, as well as the alternatives that we presented to you in the past, are available for public comment right now.

Public meetings such as this evening and, again, I think it's critical and important that so many of you are here tonight so that we can hear from you. And then we also take many requests for information and questions, just over the telephone. We have a toll-free number that appears on our fact sheets. And we're happy to talk to you over the phone if you have a quick question.

What I'd like to do now is take a minute and talk to

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

you about the kinds of comments that we received during our first public comment period. Some of you may have participated in that by attending some of our meetings that happened in March of this year. The comment period was from February 17th through April 17th. And we heard comments from many people and things were bought up at the community meetings.

To summarize, these are the general categories that the comments fell into. And I'll spend a minute describing what they were.

We heard from people that we would like to see additional sampling. I think, out of the last meeting that we had and out of some of the information that we've sent out, people felt like additional sampling needed to be done to identify specifically which properties would require cleanup. And as you'll see in Piper's presentation, that is a major component of our proposed plan.

We also heard from many of you, that you suggested that we vary the remedy. That you might recall that we've had six alternatives or really five alternatives, one of them was no action, that we looked at as a basis of comparison. And what we tried to do in our proposed plan was to hold elements of those various alternatives that we thought addressed many of the concerns that we've

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

heard, and that also met our goals for being protected.

People had comments about disposal, and not just the larger question of disposal but, on a more personal level, they were having projects in their yards and wanted to know what they could do with the soil. And as you'll see in the proposed plan, if you had a chance to take a look at it, there is an element there for a community soils disposal program.

We heard from people that they wanted to make sure that we planned to work with them. And one of the components in our proposed plan is to make sure that we are working with homeowners, and I'm going to go into that in a little bit more detail. But to work with you to make sure that you are comfortable with and understand what we're proposing to do and if it impacts your yard.

Some of the time frames in the alternatives that we looked at initially, you may recall, were somewhat long. And we heard from many people that they'd like to see us shorten up those time frames. So we proposed a couple of options in our proposed plan to do that, and we hope to hear your comments on those.

We also heard from people that they did not want to have deed restrictions placed on their property, and we heard that from many people. And we're not proposing deed restrictions as part of our preferred alternative.

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

And the last item there, property values, I'd like to come back to that because I think that's an important one and I just have a couple more other things to cover first.

But the property value's issue is something that we heard from many people and recognized that it was a significant concern, so we've done some outreach efforts to address that issue.

But before I get to that, I want to put something up here that we're calling our general principles. As a result of the public comments, we went back and reviewed them and tried to look at how can we address these in our preferred alternative. And EPA has nine criteria that it uses at all Superfund assignments to evaluate the effectiveness of cleanup remedies.

In this particular case, we thought that, based on the public comments we received, we wanted some additional guidelines. And we came up with these five general principles, which you'll see again in Piper's presentation, which I think are a main theme of our preferred alternative.

First, is to remove the contaminated soil.

Second, is to minimize community protection measures.

And again, as I mentioned, deed restrictions was an

example of community protection measures that we had

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

₹ .

.

talked about in the past.

We also have tried to, by meeting the first principle of removing contaminated soil, minimize the need for long-term monitoring and maintenance requirements that might be placed on the property that an owner would have to comply with. So we're tying to minimize the use of those.

We saw a need to reduce the uncertainties for homeowners. And through doing some additional samplings, so that people could know specifically what the concentrations were for their properties, as well as trying to work with homeowners to make sure that they're comfortable with what's going on. We tried to address that and that was in our preferred alternative.

Again, to reduce the cleanup time frame. As I mentioned, many people wanted to see this take shorter periods of time and, hopefully, we'll hear from you on our suggestions of adding possibly more work crews, that type of thing, to reduce the overall time frame.

And finally, to minimize the disruption that this would cause people. And as many of you have probably reviewed, our preferred alternative doesn't call for excavating soil out of residential yards. And so we want to look for ways to do that where we minimize the disruption that that may cause the homeowner.

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Certified Minority/Women Business No: W2F0107754

Seattle: 838-6001

Tacoma: 752-2101

As I said, I want to come back to the issue of property values for just a moment. Many of you have called us, and some of you have written to us that some of your realtors and bankers and so forth have called with concerns about buying and selling property in the study area. People have called with concerns about, do they have to tell people that their property is contaminated, that kind of thing.

So we saw a need, and we heard from you that there was a need, for some educational efforts. We started to realize that many people didn't understand or didn't know about some of the policies that EPA has in relation to this issue.

So we thought there were three major points that we needed to let people know in our outreach efforts. And those were: we needed to let people know what our proposed cleanup activities were, to give them some idea of what direction we were heading, and again, to try and relieve some uncertainties.

We also needed to let people know that EPA has a policy that says, we do not intend to hold residential homeowners liable for the the cost of cleaning up their yards.

And finally, disclosure of the conditions of their yards, so that people would know what they're purchasing

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

21 .

and sellers would be letting people know that.

So what we did was a variety of outreach efforts, and I'll run through these quickly. We developed an informational brochure, and copies of that are available out at the counter, to let people know again, the policies. And I think that's been very helpful for, particularily for lenders and real estate agents, to have an understanding of that.

We interviewed representatives of a variety of professional organizations. We talked to, such as, the Tacoma First County Board of Realtors and Multiple Listing Service, those types of associations, to find out from them directly what their concerns were, since they were working in that business as professionals, and that helped us direct these effort that we needed to take.

One of the things they told us is that we needed to deal with the federal lending agencies, that there were concerns about people being able to get loans if the federal lending agencies wouldn't buy them. And so we've written letters to those agencies and asked for their assistance in dealing with this issue.

We provide speakers for, again, a variety of professional organizations. And if anyone here has questions or interest in that, you can talk to one of us after and we can set something up.

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Certified Minority/Women Business No: W2F0107754

Seattle: 838-6001

Tacoma: 752-2101

And then finally, we come to the joint seminar with the Town of Ruston and the City of Tacoma and the Washington Department of Ecology, back in June. And we had about a hundred attendees that came to hear about EPA's policies towards residential homeowners, as well as the new lender liability rules.

I'd like you to understand what those policies were.

And I think that was pretty well received. From the conversations following that we've had with people that came to that, lenders and real estate agents and so forth, I think that transactions that are going on, we've heard information and people telling us that the things have picked up.

If that's not the case and people have concerns in their own particular situations, I'd encourage you to talk with one of us after the break.

What I'd like to do now is turn this over to Piper and let her talk to you more specifically about the elements of our proposed plan. And when she finishes, we will open it up for questions.

MS. PETERSON: Hi, my name is Piper Peterson and I'm the project manager for the site of the Ruston/North Tacoma cleanup. And I'm glad to see so many of you here tonight. I'll run through my presentation, and please hold your questions and we'll be glad to take some

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001Certified Minority/Women Business No: W2F0107754

questions afterwards.

I think it's important, again, to start here on general principles. The reason that it's important is because we really used the comments that you gave us last time to develop these guidelines to help us then select a preferred alternative. And we hope to use, continue to use these and tonight's public comments, and the public comments or all of the public comments that we've been receiving through the last 40 days or so here. And we'll use the things that you say tonight, to add to the general principles, to then help us select a remedy for cleaning up the Ruston Way area.

Things that you've said, that you wanted all of this contamination removed from your town, from your properties and from your neighborhoods. So that's our primary goal. You see in our "primary components," that the principle component of the preferred alternative, that sampling is a very critical element.

You didn't want a lot of controls or guidelines or things regulating your lives, so we decided that minimizing community protection measures was going to have to be a goal, and that we would have to remove more soil, probably, to meet that goal.

You also weren't sure of what we were doing. A lot of you still are uncertain, and you're not sure that you

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

want us in your yard, and you're not sure what we're going to do to your yard. So to minimize your uncertainty is very important.

Michelle talked about you calling us or writing us and we've been speaking with a lot of you. I think that helps, and we will continue to work one-on-one with you all.

The time that the cleanup is taking, both in the past and how long it may take in the future, has been a real So again, minimizing the cleanup. highlight an area where particularily, we need some public comments on: scheduling the cleanup and on trying to decrease this time frame. If there's a specific idea that you can think of while I'm speaking here tonight, please let us know.

Then also, that follows with minimizing the disruption, both in your lives, in your communities, and in your neighborhoods. So I think those are important to remember. They're on the first pages of your handout and I'd like to keep referring back to those.

Before I go on, I'd like you to look at the study area map, which also is in your handout. I saw quite a few of you looking at the maps outside, and I would like to refer you to -- there's a map on this side in the lobby that has both arsenic and lead contamination sample

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

Certified Minority/Women Business No: W2F0107754

1

2

3

5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

points on them. So if you don't know if your property's been sampled or you don't know if somebody in your neighborhood has been sampled, you can look out there. If you need any help interpreting the maps, just let one of us with a name tag know.

This is the Ruston/North Tacoma study area, which most of you are probably familiar with, either through the newspapers or something that was sent to your homes. Just to orient you all, this study area is denoted by this dotted line and it says "study area" on the outside here. Within that, there's a gray area, a shaded area, as that's come to be called.

Everything is still within the study area. I get several phone calls a week saying, Why aren't these people in the study area, and they are. If you're within the dotted line, you're within the study area. If you're in the shaded area, what that means is that properties that have been sampled, of which there have been approximately 500 within the study area. The shaded area tells EPA, Ecology, that the probability of having contamination in your yard is higher than the properties outside of the shaded area.

What it doesn't tell us is that every property within the shaded area has contamination and every property outside the shaded area does not have contamination.

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

If we don't have a soil sample from your yard, we really don't know anything about your yard. We can make best educated guesses, based on scientific data, statistical methods and that type of thing. But we really do need a sample to be able to tell you whether you have contamination. I'll put this map back up as I talk about the components, the sampling component. But let me put those first.

The major components of EPA's preferred alternative are sampling, excavation, replacement and revegetation of soils. Also, the removal of slag driveways or small slag areas in the rockeries; asphalt capping in dirt alleyways, dirt parking lots; community protection measures, and disposal measures for the contaminated soil. And we start back at the top.

Again, if you want to know what the contamination is and you want the contamination removed, that's the first principle. So we've adopted -- we propose to sample the property. Remember the shaded area? We're proposing to sample every home or piece of property that falls within the shaded area. Because again, EPA believes that those properties are more likely to exceed our cleanup action levels.

What are those? For arsenic, we're proposing to clean up 230 parts per million of arsenic and above, and

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

for lead, 500 parts per million and above.

So if you're inside the shaded area, we're proposing to sample everybody's property. If your outside of the shaded area, but still within the study area, in that white boundary, we're either going to propose to look at our old data that we have, to see if there's some exceedings of those action levels, and either resample or not. And then if any of you with whom may want their property sampled, can call and request sampling be done.

Then once we determine where the contamination is, sampling will be done to identify to a level of 18 inches. Once we've identified where contaminated property or contaminated soils are, we'll then excavate.

The plan calls for excavation, replacing any soils which were removed, and then revegetating and regrading and making sure your yard looks the way it did before the cleanup began.

This is also true for, as I said, slag driveways will be removed and replaced with gravel, is what we're proposing. And then the areas that I mentioned, on dirt driveways, the many dirt roadways, dirt parking lots, those will also be sampled. If contamination is found, we're proposing that those areas be capped over with an asphalt cap. If contamination is not found, for example in a parking lot, then we're proposing not to asphalt cap

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Certified Minority/Women Business No: W2F0107754

Seattle: 838-6001

Tacoma: 752-2101

1.3

that over.

One thing that the plan does not call for is for sampling underneath roadways or underneath sidewalks or underneath homes. The route of exposure that we're worried about is ingestion and direct contact. So if those have a cap over the top of them already, we're not as concerned about people and children having direct contact with those soils.

Another thing -- Okay. So looking back at this map, within the shaded area, we're going to sample everybody; outside, we're not proposing to do that.

Something else that I needed to point out is that for soil removal, if soil contamination is found below, for example, six inches or ten inches, we're proposing to just remove the amount of contaminated soil that we find. If contamination is found below 18 inches, EPA is currently proposing to remove 18 inches of soil and replacing it with clean fill. Because we know we may have contamination below 18 inches, what that clean fill will be considered as a cap.

We're proposing that there be a geotextile membrane or a piece of fabric so that, visually, you will know that there may be contamination below there, and then cap material which will look just like your yard with grass and bushes and that type of thing.

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

If all of the contamination is removed from your property, there will be community protection measures, but in the form of just general education. The reason for that is because we're removing contamination which exceeds, in this case, levels of 230 parts per million arsenic and 500 parts per million of lead. But the levels that will remain in the property exceed the typical urban background, but aren't really necessarily a risk. So general education of what to do in your yards and that type of thing.

But if contamination does exceed 18 inches, that will be considered a cap. And that gets me to my next slide, community protection measures.

As I said, the study area-wide education will be for the whole surrounding area of Ruston/North Tacoma on an annual, biannual basis. If contamination does remain, we're proposing minimal use of long-term protection measures. We don't want to restrict people's behavior in their yard and that type of thing. So perhaps you're all familiar with the Tacoma-Pierce County Health Department guidelines for currently, if you're digging in your yard or if commercial people are disturbing soil in the area. Along those lines is what the education would be comprised of. Maintenance and monitoring, if we have a cap in your yard, it would be important that we make sure

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

Certified Minority/Women Business No: W2F0107754

7.

that the cap stays that way.

Many of you are familiar with the Expedited Response Actions in parks and playgrounds that have been cleaned up in the area. We drive by routinely, just to make sure that people aren't driving on them or disturbing the soils, the clean soils.

Also, we're proposing to develop some guidelines for commercial development, residential development, so that when contractors go in to dig soil deeper than 18 inches, they know how to work in the soil and lower the exposures. They know how to handle it.

Also, something that's very important and I get a lot of calls on is that people want to know whether their property has been sampled. So we're proposing to develop a data base so that people that do have caps on their property, or even for people who have clean property, if they sell their home as new property, that they are aware of what's been done in the past. They can give us a call and we'll have that on the data base. Asarco will have copies of cities and towns.

As Michelle Pirzadeh mentioned, we heard very loud and clear last time that deed restrictions were not something that anybody favored in this community, so those are not being proposed.

If people would like factual information about the

Seattle: 838-6001

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma. Washington 98402

Certified Minority/Women Business No: W2F0107754

Tacoma: 752-2101

1

3

5

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

fact that we've removed soil or what actions have been taken on property, we can provide that for you so that you can give that to a future homeowner. But we're not proposing to place anything directly on your deed.

So once we have removed all of the soil and some of the slag from the community, what do we do with it? Temporarily, we're going to have to put it somewhere in the community because we can't dig a person's yard and put it in a truck and move it off of the community all in one day. So we're proposing to temporarily stage things, but only on a very, very short-term basis.

Overall, currently, these soils in your yards is considered a state dangerous waste. Because of that, Asarco has applied for an exemption in the state dangerous waste regulation. The public comment period for that has been concurrent with this public comment period, but it closed last Friday. So the state currently is going to review public comments and decide whether soils can be exempted under their state law and not be considered dangerous waste under the law.

But because currently it is considered dangerous waste, the preferred cleanup plan proposes that an off-site facility, and currently one in Arlington, Oregon, meets the criteria for disposal of this soil because it is a dangerous waste.

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Certified Minority/Women Business No: W2F0107754

Seattle: 838-6001

_

9.

If a dangerous waste exemption is granted for soils greater than 230 parts per million, then there may be some other soil storage facilities that open up that may be in the state, or they may be able to use a -- not a hazardous waste facility in Arlington, Oregon, but a nonhazardous waste facility that will cut costs and that type of thing.

So where do we go from here? Currently, we're in a public comment period that closes next Saturday on October 17th. Not this coming Saturday. This is the second of two public meetings that we held. The first one was on September 2nd at the same place. And after I finish speaking, we'll let you ask questions and we'll take a break. And then we'll let you give us your formal public comments about what you think about EPA's preferred cleanup plan.

At the end of October, we begin writing our Responsiveness Summary. Many of you have are aware that we held a previous public comment period February through April. We received quite a few public comments from you then, so we'll look at those public comments as well as those that we are receiving in this 60-day public comment period. And we write up a formal document called the Responsiveness Summary, which is available to the public. But I'd like for you to know that we've responded to your

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001
Certified Minority/Women Business No: W2F0107754

question, your current questions, and gave you an answer.

At the same time, we also will be able to write the Record of Decision, which selects a cleanup alternative or a cleanup remedy for Ruston/North Tacoma. And that's public. We release it to everybody.

Have we had another public meeting?

No. No, more public meeting.

And then in 1993, we're hoping to get the Record of Decision done. In December or January, we'll begin the design work. So we hope to see some things going on in the community then, in 1993. And if you can think of any way to speed things up or, again, any way that -- where you want us to work. Do you want us to clean up the highest properties first? Do you want us to clean up on a neighborhood-by-neighborhood basis? Do you want us to divide the community into zones? And do you want us to work 24 hours a day with lots of work crews, or would you rather us work between 8:00 and 5:00, which may be more similar to your work schedules, so that we don't disturb you?

I am getting comments on that. I'd like to hear some more. So with that, I'll turn this back to Michelle.

And thank you all for coming tonight.

MS. PIRZADEH: Okay. What we've got, as we've both said a couple of times in the agenda, from now until

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

about 7:45 is just to take your questions. What I would like to do is have this be interactive. Since we have quite a good-sized group, I'm going to ask that people raise their hand and let me know that they'd like to ask a question, and I'll try and call on you in the order that you've raised your hand, so that we can make sure and give everyone an opportunity.

And then following that, if you have a comment, if you have a statement you'd like to make or an opinion about the preferred alternative, I'm going to ask you to hold those until the second half of the meeting and, after we take a break, I'll call people up to do that.

Okay?

I'm also going to introduce you to Tod Gold, who is our attorney for the project. I'm going to ask him to come up and sit here with Piper and help us address your questions.

So who'd like to begin?

QUESTION-AND-ANSWER PERIOD

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I've got a couple of them here. The first real quick one is, can you prove a health risk in the Ruston/North Tacoma area?

MS. PIRZADEH: Okay.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Can you prove a health risk there?

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

25

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Could you repeat the question, please?

MS. PIRZADEH: Sure. He asked if we could prove a health risk in the Ruston/North Tacoma area.

MS. PETERSON: We do know that we have exposures and we know that, because we have urinary arsenic data from 1975 or so to currently. I just got some urinary arsenic data from the Tacoma-Pierce County Health Department that is currently conducting a volunteer -- I'm looking at my counterpart who represents that.

MR. PAYTON: You can volunteer.

MS. PETERSON: You could voluntarily say that you want your urine or your children's urine tested, and it's got some results back.

So we know that there's exposure to arsenic in the community and the people are getting arsenic into their bodies because it's showing up as urinary arsenic.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I'm sorry that's not my question. My question is, can you prove a health risk in Ruston/North Tacoma?

MS. PETERSON: I'm going to have our toxicologist --

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Has this question changed? I'm quite familiar that you haven't been able to prove one for the last two years on this, so I was

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

2

3

7

8

9

10

11

12 13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

just curious if there's new information out that we are dying down in Ruston/North Tacoma from arsenic poisoning?

MR. GOLD: No, you're not dying.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Okay. Thank you.

MR. GOLD: What we do in the Superfund program, in fact at all of our sites across the country, is demonstrate whether there's a potential risk to human health. And we believe we've done that in Ruston/North Tacoma, because we know that there are contaminants in the soil. We've found elevated levels of arsenic and lead. And based upon what we know about the toxicity of those contaminants and based on our predictions of whether people may be exposed to those contaminants through ingestion, we've demonstrated the risk, and we believe we have the authority to take this cleanup action.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Okay. That's -- I just wanted to know if you had come up with any new data over the last two years, whether or not there was a proven health risk. And obviously, there's not.

The second question that I have is, when I was at the real estate meeting with the realtors and the appraisers, apparently our county tax assessors misunderstood what was said in that meeting, or possibly I did.

When I was talking to many of the appraisers there

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

from the Seattle and Tacoma area, they said that it would be detrimental to our property values there because of the fact that if this cleanup does happen, or I guess once this cleanup does happen, that we're going to be having a lot of trucks flying in and out of the neighborhood and whatnot and all this disturbance, so that that would be depreciating our property.

Is this what you folks understood or --

MR. GOLD: We have not heard that. If that's true, I'd like to hear that directly from the appraisers, whoever is giving you that opinion. We haven't heard that.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: You didn't hear that at the meeting?

MR. GOLD: No.

MS. PIRZADEH: Okay. This gentleman right here?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yeah. I've got a friend
who works for Century 21 and he says that they don't even
mess with people that are in the Ruston area, that are in
the cleanup area. He says he doesn't even deal with
people who live in that area. So you know ...

MS. PIRZADEH: I guess his question, for people who couldn't hear it, or statement was that he knows someone who works for Century 21 who says that they don't deal with people that live in the area, I guess, who are

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

trying to purchase or sell property in the area.

Again, you know, in that particular case, if there's, you know, a particular agent or that group of people that need more information from us, we'd be happy to provide it. But beyond that, I don't know what else we can do.

Yes?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: When you say you're going to clean up and remove so much soil, we own an older house there that's got, you know, 70-, 80-year-old trees. How are you going to remove a bunch of soil without killing all of the mature -- I mean, when you say revegetate, just like I see all over this area, they cut down hundred-year-old trees and they plant a stick.

You can't cut down a hundred-year-old tree and plant a stick and call it revegetating. How are you going to keep from destroying, you know, very old, mature plantings? I mean, that's an old area and a lot of stuff that's growing there is old, mature stuff.

MS. PETERSON: I think that gets to our third principle, and that is reducing the uncertainty of homeowners and working with property owners and that type of thing. And we need to know about the trees that you want to save, the prize rose bushes, that type of thing.

Because of the spaces that are involved, it won't all be bulldozer work. There will be some hand digging.

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma. Washington 98402

That's something that we can do around roots of trees like that.

Another good thing is that this isn't the first community that we've had to do some soil cleanup in people's yards. The Bunker Hill community and the Kellog, Idaho, community has done this. And they were sceptics at first, but we've been able to successfully remediate yards, do some hand digging, preserve plants and that type of thing. We've made some mistakes, but we've learned some good lessons, so that we don't have to repeat them again in your community.

So that's what I mean about working one-on-one.

Maybe moving a vegetable garden, somebody put a house in and the sun's not in the right spot. Those are types of things that we want to work out with you.

MS. PIRZADEH: Okay. Over here, ma'am. Did you have a question?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Did I hear you say that you were going to check all of the alleys in the study area or just the alleys in the gray area?

MS. PIRZADEH: Her question is whether or not we're going to test all of the alleys within the study area or just the ones that fall in the shaded area.

That's actually a good question. Based on property owners' requests, we'll sample your property outside of

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

′

the shaded area.

Who owns the alleyways? That would be the city or the town, so they're technically the property owner. I guess nobody's asked me that before. I haven't thought about that.

If that's something that you would ask us, to sample a particular alleyway, we could ask the city if that's okay. But we do need the property owner's permission to do that.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Who would I need to ask about that?

MS. PIRZADEH: Just a moment. I've got several people.

Sir?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Okay. My question, I've heard all of this about property owners and the dirt in their yards. What about the actual place that caused all the contamination, that's where my question comes from.

I live down in the marina and slag is my neighbor.

The smelter is right there, and you say you're going to bring the smoke stack down, and I say how?

MS. PETERSON: So you want to know how we're bringing the smoke stack down?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I want to know what you're going to do so that if I feel it's not under a

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001
Certified Minority/Women Business No: W2F0107754

23

24

25

good situation, I can be gone someplace else.

MS. PETERSON: Sounds like you're mobile. You probably have a good view of the bay.

Demolition is a separate project from tonight. I will answer your question. And if anybody would like to speak with me after the meeting or in the break about demolition, I'd be happy to answer your question.

Currently, the stack will be demolished in about mid-November. I'm not going to commit to a day because the Agency and Asarco has done that too many times. As we get closer, we'll give you a specific day.

We're proposing to dynamite it, but to telescope it down on itself, so that it doesn't fly apart, just collapses in an orderly way into a trench that will be built at the base of it, with a modern capsulation system that will be, hopefully that will be here any day, and that will help us out for dust control.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I'm a little skeptic of the system.

MS. PETERSON: Okay. Then we'll keep you up to date.

MS. PIRZADEH: Actually, the woman next to you, do you still have a question, ma'am?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yes. Is there any list of property owners that are asking you on their property

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

23

24

25

from Ruston? I live there, I have yet to see anyone that wants you to touch their property.

Is there any available list for us, as citizens? MS. PIRZADEH: As to who wants their property sampled and who doesn't?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Right. Well, actually, who wants their soil removed.

MS. PIRZADEH: Actually, that's confidential information. I can tell you that about half of the people that I received comments from have requested that their properties be sampled and have urged us to quickly get the contaminated soils out of their property.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Half of the Ruston people have said that?

MS. PIRZADEH: No. No. Half of the people that I receive comments from. You know, I recieve dozens --

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: But are your comments from people within the proposed area or are they from outside, in other areas of Tacoma?

MS. PIRZADEH: I haven't checked addresses, but I just quickly glanced at them, and 98407's are within the Ruston/North Tacoma study area.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: So what numbers? If we can't have the names, what numbers are there of people? MS. PIRZADEH: When EPA writes its

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Seattle: 838-6001 Tacoma: 752-2101

8

1

2

3

5

7

9

22

23

24

25

Responsiveness Summary, that Piper mentioned, and also that we can find it in the Proposed Plan Document, which is available out at the counter, a summary of public comments that we received during the first public comment period. And you can look at some of that and see what people had to say.

When we write the Responsiveness Summary we will give more specific information and say, we received this many letters or comments in support of this or against this. That type of thing.

But you know, we can talk to you more in detail and look through the comments and give you more indication of what we have so far. But we really aren't prepared to give you numbers this evening. Okay?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I would just like to know how many, because I don't ever meet anyone or see anyone. They don't want you there.

MS. PIRZADEH: This gentleman over here. did you still have a question?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yeah. I was wondering what the long-term health effects were for the arsenic and lead poisoning, if it was over the 230 or 500?

MS. PETERSON: Well, arsenic, some of the long-term effects are skin cancer and some cancers of some other internal parts, organs.

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

25

For lead, they are behavioral effects that we see in children, primarily.

MS. PIRZADEH: This gentleman right here? I am keeping track of who has been waiting.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: If you would know, that part of your testing, on the part of the children, and that there was some evidence that they had been affected by arsenic and lead in urinary tests. How many were tested and how many were found to be contaminated, so to speak?

MS. PIRZADEH: We have our toxicologist of EPA and she's been working on the staff for about ten years.

I think you might want to repeat the question.

MS. DAVOLI: I would like to answer that question.

The question was how many children have been -- had their urine tested for arsenic; is that what you asked?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: In our area.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: And lead.

MS. DIVOLI: In our area and lead.

There hasn't been a recent lead test for a very long time, many years. I mean, that hasn't been done for a long time. There's been urinary arsenic tests done --

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: How many?

MS. DIVOLI: -- since the early seventies. The

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

most recent one is since the smelter shut done. I'm thinking it had about -- maybe 40 children in it. I don't know if that -- I can't remember.

Do you remember exactly?

MR. PAYTON: I think it was around 40 or 50.

MS. DIVOLI: Forty or fifty, something like that. And certainly, at least in the teens, had levels that were higher than what are considered to be, you know, the normal background or average. And possibly, it's more than that. And that was after the smelter closed.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: How many were found to have this problem?

MS. DIVOLI: I think -- Well, at least I think there were like, 13 percent of 40, so whatever that is of 50. Whatever that is.

So of the children that were selected, it turned out to be about 13 percent.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: And you never tested adults that lived there all of their life?

MS. DIVOLI: Well, adults were tested previously in some other studies, but some of them were elevated.

But the reason we focused on children is because children were -- We're most concerned about children's exposures, because they tend to take in more soil and dust, just

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

because they mouth toys, they put foods in their mouths.

And if you'd expect to see elevated urinary arsenic,
that's where you'd expect to see them, in children rather
than adults, unless you were an adult who did a lot of
activity outside.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: And so far, those are all opinions really, right?

MS. DAVOLI: All of the whats are really?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I mean, what the tests and results are really.

MS. DIVOLI: Well, if you had urinary arsenic results since the early seventies, and they've consistently shown high levels in children, in some populations of children.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: You said 13 percent of 40?

MS. DIVOLI: I'm saying that in the most recent study that was done after the smelter was shut down. If you look at the studies that were done from the early seventies, since the smelter shut down, there is definitely a higher percentage of children which have an elevated urinary.

There was one more study done after the smelter shut down and, in that study, the percentage of children were seen to have some elevated levels was lower, but there

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

25

were still children there that seemed to have elevated levels.

MS. PIRZADEH: The gentleman way in the back, do you still have a question?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I have a question on

sampling. I have a house there at(b)(6)

It is now not in the shaded area. I got a report that it was 181 parts per million arsenic.

The house is a large home. A large group of water has never been piped out. It just runs on the ground. I kind of think that in the areas around the house itself, it would be more contaminated than the outlying yard.

I was wondering if that has been considered in taking samples, where you are taking samples on the yard?

MS. PETERSON: Can everybody hear his question? That he has a flat roof --

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Not a flat roof.

MS. PETERSON: Well, a roof, a large roof with no rain gutters?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: The water --

MS. PETERSON: The water comes off the roof and onto the ground. His yard was currently sampled and it's not part of the shaded area and it was 181 parts per million. And he's wondering if we've taken into consideration that maybe the rain water washes the

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

a

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

arsenic off the roof and down around the house.

We're currently trying to work through the details of developing a sampling design program right now. That is a question that we've heard before, that rain gutters, rain spouts or just off of the roof.

Again, we're going to be looking for a study that represents the yard, but also working with a homeowner. If you have a six-year-old who always plays in one corner and there's no grass there, those are the types of things that we need to know.

If you're concerned about the rain gutter, we may have to do some samples to see if typically there is elevated samples around the rain gutters or rain water that might fall off the house. If there isn't, then we might have to, by sampling, a sample from that area. If there is, for my part, we do have to borrow some samples from that area.

See, that's a design consideration that we're in the process of working out right now, but I appreciate your comment.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Will you learn anything, from working on the shaded area, about it?

MS. PETERSON: I think we'll learn things, both from the shaded area and in the non-shaded area.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: A possibility of greater

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

contamination in certain parts of the yard?

MS. PETERSON: I think that we will. The one thing that we --

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: But that's what we have, by recourse.

MS. PETERSON: The one thing that we've noticed with the Remedial Investigation sampling, which I referred to in my presentation, and about 500 samples of Ecology and EPA that they took both in 1988 and 1990, one thing that we've found is, in general, we have higher concentrations of contamination closer into the stack and the smelter area. And then they decrease as you move out west and south from the facility.

Also, at the surface area of the properties, you have higher concentrations of contamination, and those decrease with depth. That's in general.

But then as you start looking at a yard-by-yard basis, you find that there's vast differences. You can look in our shaded area and see that we've got no contamination in the shaded area and some yards with higher contamination outside the shaded area. The reason for that is people roto-till their yards, people brought in topsoil, people have remodeled and moved soils all over the place.

If it had been a totally untouched area, just homes

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

with people living on it for the last hundred years, I think we'd see our trend of lower contaminate levels removed away from the smelter, lower contaminate levels as we got deeper. But because we're all human and and we do lots of things in our yards, it really has to be a yard-by-yard basis, we're finding.

MS. PIRZADEH: Okay. The gentleman to the right, sir, do you still have a question?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Well, I don't know. I just felt that Piper mentioned that you wanted the soil removed.

My question to her is, is that a presumption or did you actually ask? Or as this gentleman seems to indicate, we have a right to do it; we're EPA, we're going to do it, and to hell with everybody?

MS. PIRZADEH: I think one comment that I'd like to make on that is that we're asking now, and everything that we have talked about tonight is a proposed plan.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Okay.

MS. PIRZADEH: It's EPA's preferred alternative. And based on all of the studies that have been done and the information that's been collected, our guidance and what our regulations guide us to do, this is what we're proposing. And we're asking for your comments. And if you have strong opinions about that, I would suggest

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

that, you know, we're taking a transcript of the meeting tonight and we'll be taking a break where you can give us your comment and your comment right there will be noted.

But again, it's important to keep that in mind.

That's what the purpose of the meeting is tonight, is to get people's comments. But as Piper said, we have heard both sides of the issues. Some people have said yes, they'd like to have it removed, and others have said no.

Yes?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yeah. I've noticed, down along the waterfront, they've removed all of the railroad ties. Are they going to let them sell those railroad ties to unsuspecting people? Because you know, kids will get on those ties or around them or ...

MS. PIRZADEH: I'm going to ask Bruce Cochran from the State Department of Ecology to come down and join us, to speak to us on that, because I know that he has some information on that.

MR. COCHRAN: We did have an opportunity to take a look at those ties they had on --

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Use the mike.

MR. COCHRAN: At the time that those ties were being removed, we had an opportunity to take a look at what the condition of the ties were, how they were handled and how they were taken out.

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

25

In a nutshell, there was material that contained arsenic on it. However, we took a look at the potential problem, from the ties themselves and the creosote and the other materials that were in it, and those were far, far, far more hazardous than the levels of arsenic that were left.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: So are they still going to be able to sell them?

MR. COCHRAN: They are out on a place off of River Road in Puyallup. And to be more specific, the answer is yes.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Do they have to tell people that they're contaminated, then?

MR. COCHRAN: I don't know of any requirement that says that they do.

> MS. PIRZADEH: The gentleman right here? UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Do you need any

volunteers to help out?

MS. PIRZADEH: You're asking if there are any volunteers that can help out, in terms of the cleanup activities?

> UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yes.

MS. PIRZADEH: I guess that I can maybe partly address that.

I don't think we're really to that point yet, in

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

n

2

1

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

15

16

17

18

19

20 21

22

23

24

25

terms of workcrews and that type of thing. Because as I mentioned, all of the things that we're talking about are proposed activities. But maybe Piper can address --

MS. PETERSON: Typically, when you do work in a Superfund area, there's a 40-hour training that's required by construction workers and people like myself who are actually on the site. So in terms of that type of thing, you have a 40-hour training. If you were hired by a contractor or subcontractor, you would be able to do work that way.

In terms of volunteers in the community, there's definitely going to have to be a sense of community education for that work that goes on. We're going to have, probably we would have both Asarco and EPA have booths that were staffed by personnel from EPA and Asarco answering questions, having hot lines, those types of things.

So it's not something that we've thought about in this area, but it's an interesting idea, trying to get information from the community and that type of thing.

MS. PIRZADEH: Okay. I've got a few people waiting, and I'm trying to get to this gentleman.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: This summer, I had an occasion, I had to remove some topsoil from my yard. And had to get barrels to put it in.

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

23

24

25

MS. PIRZADEH: Can I ask you to speak up just a little bit, please? Oh, you can't. Do you want me to bring you a microphone?

MS. PIRZADEH: You said you're moving the soils, the topsoil from your yard and you got construction barrels?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I got the barrels. I went out and bought some topsoil to replace it with. It happened to be out on River Road that I bought it.

My question is, how do I know I'm not removing the warm soil and replacing it with hot? In other words, are those landscaping places licensed to check or anything like that? In other words, it's conceivable that I'm getting hotter topsoil than I took away.

MS. PIRZADEH: Okay. His question is, he removed some soil from his yard and he put in clean topsoil, or that he presumes is clean.

And you're asking if people that sell topsoil or fill dirt, if those people are licensed or if that dirt is tested; is that what your question is?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yeah.

MS. PETERSON: I do know that it depends on where you get the dirt. And just by looking at dirt, you can't tell if it's more contaminated or less contaminated.

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Seattle: 838-6001 Tacoma: 752-2101

25

.1

I might not think that that's within the study area because, as you know, Puyallup or something like that, it's further away from there, further out.

The only real way that you're going to know is actually by sampling some dirt.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: But what really puzzles me is that I bought it out on River Road at a place that probably sold railroad ties.

MS. PETERSON: Well, you pays your money, you takes your chance. I don't know.

MS. PIRZADEH: Way in the back there, sir?
UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Me?

MS. PIRZADEH: Yes, you. I'm sorry.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I have two questions I'd like to ask. Then I'd like permission to make some comments.

The first one --

MS. PIRZADEH: I'll take your two questions, and then we'll wait for after the break for your comments, because I've got other people who want to ask questions.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Basically, what's supposed to be the big problem with arsenic? What does arsenic do to the public?

MS. PIRZADEH: I'm going to ask Dana Davoli to address your question.

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

MS. DAVOLI: I keep hearing the same question come up over and over again. And I think the question is, why are we concerned about the arsenic and lead levels here? Maybe what I should do, if I may, is spend a few minutes talking about it.

Is that your question, sir? Is that your question?

If I answer the question, why are we concerned about the arsenic levels --

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I've been around here 44 years and I'm wondering.

MS. DAVOLI: Okay. You know, when we look at the soil and the contaminants and various matters immediately around the smelter, and we looked at about 13 different levels. And of the 13 that we looked at, we were concerned about two of them, given their concentration and what we know about the toxicity, and that's arsenic and lead.

Your question is, why are we concerned about arsenic and lead, and Piper talked about that a little bit. The actual arsenic and lead, unlike most of the chemicals that I work with in the environment, we have a lot of human information.

For arsenic, we have people who have been exposed to arsenic in smelters and the only -- we have people who have been exposed to arsenic in medicines, in drinking

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

1

1

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13 14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

water. And basically what those exposures have shown is that exposure to arsenic, and if you are exposed to a large enough level, it can cause effects. But that's not what we're concerned with.

What we're really concerned about is effects, like the impact on types of cancer of the lung, skin cancer and cancer of internal organs.

Lead, our concern there has to do with, it can pass from the blood down to the live organs. But with regards to the community, what we're concerned with, we've found children with behavioral and learning problems. Okay?

So the question is, why are we concerned. We're concerned because we have obtained data from other places saying that arsenic and lead are a problem. Now, they take place -- in many cases, have higher exposures than what we see here and are often like the studies here in the community. But when you look at the studies in the community, and we do have some community studies here, but we don't have community studies to address those types of concerns that we're seeing with respect to arsenic and lead in other communities.

We don't have studies on skin cancer, we don't have studies on many terminal cancers, we don't have studies on learning disabilities. We do have some studies on conducted effects, on lung cancer, and those studies in

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Certified Minority/Women Business No: W2F0107754

Seattle: 838-6001

Tacoma: 752-2101

general have said: we don't see a large effect here. If there is an effect, it's small.

I think there's something to say about health studies in a community and I think maybe an analogy is, if you had a glass of water and you weren't sure whether or not there were virus or bacteria in there that were going to cause you some harm, if you look at the glass of water with a magnifying glass, you won't see those bacteria. And to help fight this is sort of that way. It's like looking at a magnifying glass, they're not very sensitive. They can't pick up — They can pick up, like huge cases due to smoking, large increases due to sun, skin cancer. But they can't pick up small, minute cases.

So what do you do? We're left with looking at what is the potential risk here in another way, and what we do is look at what we call risk assessment. When we're doing a risk assessment, we look at the levels of exposure to the community, by looking at the levels of arsenic and lead and various media, and estimate what people's exposures might be.

In this community, the exposures we're most concerned with are basically people touching soil and putting it into their mouths, children and adults. And that is the lab, to a certain extent, those are the major groups that we're concerned about.

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

When we look at exposure and we tie that exposure data into these types of exposure data that we have from other studies around the world, we can estimate what the risk would be in this community. And again, the risks that we're the most concerned with are skin cancer and also some terminal cancers from arsenic and then, also from lead, learning defects and behavioral effects in children.

And I have to be very honest with you, is that when we estimate exposure and we do these risk assessments, there is a lot of uncertainty and we tend to be conservative. That is, we're trying to estimate exposures, so that we're getting exposure to the people who may have the highest exposure. We're not looking at the average because we want to make sure that when we cleanup, we protect as many of the people who are out there in the community as we can. Okay?

I guess the only final point that I would want to say is that when we calculate that risk number by looking at numerous assessments, we then compare it to what Tod was mentioning, EPA has laws and regulations. And if that number is above what our regulations say is sort of an acceptable risk, then our law says we need to do something about it. And that's where we are here and that's how we made that decision.

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Seattle: 838-6001

Certified Minority/Women Business No: W2F0107754

Tacoma: 752-2101

2

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: My second question.

MS. PIRZADEH: Okav. Go ahead.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: My second question: How many smelter workers have you examined? The smelter is an old, old plant.

Along with that, I'd like to say, we have people that are 90 years old that have worked down there. people -- we have some that -- Two men that I know of worked there for 50 years. They had a lot of men that worked there 30, 40 years and ...

MS. DAVOLI: Well, what I'd really like to say is that there have been several studies on this smelter and other smelters in this country and in the world, showing that workers who are exposed to arsenic, they have elevated levels of lung cancer. I myself have not looked at workers, but that's what those studies show.

I guess, in response to your issue that you have many people you know who worked at the smelter who don't have lung cancer, I think that I could also say that I know many people who have smoked and haven't gotten lung cancer either. So I don't think that you can use that as a way to judge. I mean, there have been studies showing elevated risks of lung cancer in the smelter.

MS. PIRZADEH: Did you still have a question here?

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

25

. 2

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I'm just wondering, if EPA enacts their preferred alternative here, what is your rough estimate on how much that is going to cost to the taxpayer?

MS. PIRZADEH: Okay. She's asked, if we go with the preferred alternative as it is, what's an estimate of what's it going to cost to the taxpayer, is her question.

MS. PETERSON: The current estimate for the cleanup is between 60 and 80 million dollars. And the high end of that is if the soil is taken to Arlington and disposed of in the RCRA waste facility, and the low end is if the soil is not disposed of at a hazardous waste facility.

MS. PIRZADEH: Could you address the issue of the taxpayer and who would pay for that?

MS. PETERSON: The taxpayers don't pay for this cleanup. Asarco is the responsible party who is doing the cleanup, and that's who will be paying for it.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Who's paying your check?

MS. PETERSON: Pardon?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Who's paying you?

MS. PETERSON: Asarco pays my check.

When we negotiated with Asarco for the cleanup with us, we negotiated the past costs. I fill out a time sheet every week with how many hours I work at the site,

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

1,4

and those are negotiated costs with the company at all Superfund sites.

If Asarco is not willing to pay for the cleanup, there is a large fund called Superfund. But then we go after the company and see if we can get the money back to reimburse that part of the money that we negotiated for the Superfund site.

MS. PIRZADEH: Okay. I can take just a couple more questions. Right here?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: What is the probability that Asarco can block or at least substantially delay your plan?

MS. PIRZADEH: Maybe Tod could address just the various options that EPA has in implementing the cleanup at Superfund sites in general.

MR. GOLD: There's three ways to implement the cleanup. One way is for Asarco and EPA to reach an agreement for Asarco to conduct the work. And that's what happened with the demolition work. We've had negotiations and Asarco agreed to perform the cleanup.

If that doesn't work, EPA has the authority to unilaterally order Asarco to perform the work. And Asarco has the right to refuse to do it and then we might need some litigation.

The third option is, as Piper mentioned, that we just

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

don't -- EPA actually performs the work. EPA hires the contractors. And later on, after the cleanup has been conducted, we can send the bill to Asarco and we can talk to Asarco about how much they're going to pay.

MS. PIRZADEH: Okay. We can take one more question, right here.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Do you have a set agenda with Asarco or do you have an agreement with Asarco? Are you dropping a step in what you are going to do?

MR. GOLD: Yes. What we have is a Consent

Decree in place for not only the demolitions set, but for

demolition of 70 buildings on the site.

As a requirement under that Consent Decree, Asarco has been submitting work plans on how specifically they're going to do the demolition work. And EPA has been reviewing that and proofing the work plans.

When Asarco actually performs that demolition work, EPA will have oversight people on the site to watch them.

MS. PIRZADEH: What I'd like to do at this point, as we've got on the agenda, is take a quick break. Let people that have decided that they would like to present a comment go ahead and sign up on the sign-up sheet, if you haven't done so already. And we'll come back at about ten minutes to 8:00 and people that have signed up to give comments, I'll call up and you can

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

present your comment.

about ten minutes.

MS. PIRZADEH:

2 3

1

If we have more time after that, if we don't have a lot of commentaries, we'll go ahead and open it up for more questions for the balance of the meeting.

5

So restrooms are on the side of either isle of the drinking fountain, 'and we'll come back to this meeting in

7

6

(Meeting at recess.)

Okay. I have 14 people that

8 9

> signed up that would like to present a comment to us this evening. And so what I'm going to do is, I'm going to ask that everyone try to keep their comment to just about

12

10

11

two minutes, in the interest of making sure that everyone

13 14

gets an opportunity, and so that also I can ask at the

15

end if there is anyone else who's decided they'd like to

16

I think that would give everyone a fair chance to

17

have their comment heard.

18

would encourage you to jot part of your comment down that

If you feel like you need more time than that, I

19 20

you feel like you didn't get to state and hand it to one

21

of us and we can take that as part of our record.

22

the comments that you're going to give us now, as we've

Just to explain real quick on how we will respond to

23

talked about this Responsiveness Summary, the comments

24 25

again will be taken as part of our transcript this

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Seattle: 838-6001 Certified Minority/Women Business No: W2F0107754

Tacoma: 752-2101

3

3

1

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24

25

evening and we will respond to the comments that you give us tonight as part of our Responsiveness Summary. And we publish that and it will go out with public information and it will probably also be summarized in fact sheets and that type of thing.

So I'm going to go ahead and just call people off of this list. And in the interest of having everyone be able to hear your comment, I ask that you come down on either side and use one of the microphones to give your comment, if you're comfortable with that.

* * * * * * * * * * * *

PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD.

MS. PIRZADEH: The first person is (b)(6)

(b)(6) : I'd just like to make a couple quick comments for the general public knowledge. First off, the arsenic level that they're testing in our yards, that's within about 5 or 10 percent of what they let in our drinking water. So that's telling you how dangerous that dirt is. If we can drink that water with that amount of arsenic in it, I don't think that we're going to be eating as much dirt as we do drink water.

Secondly, the comment was made that we wanted them there. The general public here doesn't want Asarco there. We are being held hostage by the EPA -- Or excuse me. Not Asarco. They don't want the EPA there.

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

A CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE OF TH

We're being held hostage by the EPA and the rulings that they've made on the property. It has been devastating to me, as a business person down there in real estate. I have lost over \$50,000 already this year.

I would kind of like to know what they're going to do with the park? If there are elevated levels in the park, are they going to go in and dig up Point Defiance? What about the Yacht Club? The Yacht Club sits on a slag. The slag is said to be dangerous. Are they going to take the Yacht Club off there and do something there? I doubt it.

Last but not least, the alleys that they said that they were going to sample and not cover them all, if they're going to do this capping, they need to cover all of the alleys.

It has been stated throughout these meetings that there's hot spots within a yard. A yard can have five or six, ten different levels of arsenic contamination within the yard. If they're going to go after this, then they're going to have to test every ten inches, every foot of each alley, all the way wide, all the way long. If they are going to do any capping, they should all be capped, not just here and there.

Thank you very much.

MS. PIRZADEH: Thank you.

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

Certified Minority/Women Business No: W2F0107754

. 3

b) (6	?

(b)(6) : Well, I just have a short comment. And this is that I don't think that there's been enough testing of residents that lived in this area for a long, long time. I don't think there's been enough testing of children.

I think that the assumptions that are drawn are based on some computer model that gives good answers, but the computer doesn't know anything.

That's all I want to say, is that I don't think there has been enough groundwork done on any of this.

Thank you.

MS. PIRZADEH: Thank you.

(b) (6)

(b)(6) : My name is (b)(6) . I'm a

Registered Professional Engineer. I'm formerly a

Professor of Engineering at Oregon State University and,

for the past two decades, I've been involved in basic

research and applied research, both as an employee and as
a manager. And recently, I've been a private employee,

business consultant. I only say this because I want to

give credibility to my statements.

The EPA, it used to be a good organization when they were based on scientific data, but now they are a political organization based on emotion. In the

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

scientific community, that I'm aware of, the EPA is a discredited organization. Let me give you four examples:

Here in the Pacific Northwest, they talk about dioxin. The amount of dioxin they say in the air is equal to the size of a baseball in the King Dome. It is so minute that they can't even measure it with their instruments, but yet they enforce the industry to pay millions of dollars to find that one little baseball that they say is going to jump out of the King Dome, attack us and kill us. It is foolish and discredited.

We all know about the Love Canal. Recently, they came up with an article that said that they overreacted in this situation and all of the work that they did at the Love Canal was not necessary.

They forced the taxpayers to pay 160 billion dollars to get rid of the asbestos in the paint in the schoolrooms. And they do not have one single example of anyone dying from asbestosis from the asbestos in the ceiling on the schoolroom. How is that asbestos going to come out of the ceiling and attack us? And if it's such a major problem, people like myself who were raised in homes that had asbestos, and all of you did if you're over 40 years of age, why aren't you dying like flys from asbestosis? Let the EPA answer that question.

They had a heavy metals problem up in the Gasworks

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

Park in Seattle and the EPA came in and, after some thorough investigation, they found out that the heavy metals that they're talking here, that a child would have to eat a ton of dirt in order to be infected with the heavy contaminants in that soil. It was a political thing, not a scientific thing. So I think that they are a discredited agency.

As you have listened to their explanation, they do not have a clear scientific answer on the problems with the metals in the soil here. They have tested 50 people for lead in their urine and they found six of them that had levels above it. Did they check the ceramic dishes that the people have? Are they aware that all of the plumbing that we have has (inaudible word) in the faucets? And are they aware that the houses built in Ruston had plumbing that was made from lead in many instances? Did they check that? No, they did not.

I called the EPA several times and spent a lot of money trying to get scientific data from them on just exactly what the problem is here in the Pacific Northwest and in Ruston. And they do not have scientific data that proves what they are saying. And in their sheets that they passed out tonight, they said they had assumptions. Now, anybody in research knows that if you make assumptions, it doesn't give any credibility to your

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

25

research or your statements. They're just assumptions.

MS. PIRZADEH: Sir, I'm going to have to ask you to conclude your comment to make sure everybody has an opportunity --

(b)(6) : I will conclude my remarks.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Let him speak, please.

(b) (6) : Pardon?

MS. PIRZADEH: I'm just trying to make sure that everybody has an opportunity, that's all. We only have this facility for a certain period of time.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: We'd rather hear him speak.

(b)(6): The problem with this situation is, and the attorney said it: We'll do it, by God, no matter what you say.

We are taxpayers and they're going to spend our money. And I think what we need to do is to make damn certain that they do the research that's proper and scientifically approved and that it's right, in order to go ahead and do this. And they haven't done it and they must do it.

All these assumptions are just a bunch of baloney.

And they're a heavy-handed outfit that's going to just

cost us taxpayers billions and billions and billions of

dollars, and that is such baloney. And the attorney said

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

it right here: We're going to need to do it.

MS. PIRZADEH: Thank you.

(b) (6)

One of the comments that I'd like to make is that some of the -- I understand what this gentleman said. But one of the things is that we have very few things in this world today that are there to help protect us. And maybe there isn't a lot of scientific evidence yet, but how many people who are out there are really trying to protect us? Usually it's just the opposite and a lot of things get done and we're not benefited by it whatsoever.

So perhaps some of the methods of the EPA are not what we would prefer, but I at least like an organization that at least is trying to help the people.

We live very close to the stack and one of the things that I would like to say is that I would like to see that for those especially that are close, when the stack comes down, we need to know ahead of time what the dating is going to be. We keep hearing things like, it's coming down in October, it's not November, from people who work at Asarco, and that they don't want any publicity about So I think that, you know, these are probably maybe rumors that this came from somebody that works at Asarco.

We need, as we live -- I mean, we live within a

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

thousand feet of that stack. We'd like some protection for our property, some covering, because this is -- I don't care what anyone says, this is going to start some kind of dust cloud of some kind. There's just no way a stack of that size can just come down and there's nothing.

I feel that maybe there should be some sampling of the soil afterwards to make sure that we aren't being contaminated again. And especially because we have -- The street in the front of us and the alley behind us is dust. All we do is eat dust. Every time we move, every day, our car is covered with dust.

I know that our soil is above the contamination level, quite a lot, so what's happening with all this dust that we're getting every single day from both the front and the back? But no one has made any kind of proposal. In fact, Asarco said that they were not going to fix that road, period, when Ruston approached them with it. And this is right, I mean, this is right beside the stack.

So I know that a lot of people think that, you know, I don't want my ground disturbed. This is a lot of nonsense. But I don't know. I think I'd rather be safe than sorry in the end.

MS. PIRZADEH: Thank you.

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

Tom Aldrich from Asarco?

_

-

MR. ALDRICH: Good evening. My name is Tom

Aldrich. And I'm a site manager of Asarco for the last
couple of years. We will be submitting some detailed
comments to the EPA. But tonight, I just want to make a
few general comments about the proposed plan.

We're not at a point in the Superfund process where decisions will be made about the residential study area. Asarco has been paying close attention as EPA conducted its studies in the residential area over the last several years. As a long-standing member of the community, Asarco understands everyone's frustrations of this complicated and confusing regulatory process mandated by EPA and Ecology.

Although EPA's proposed plan focuses on theoretical risk to the area, I'd like to take a moment to report on some of the health data, recent health data from this community. Asarco has worked with the Tacoma-Pierce County Health Department to fund a program where residents within the EPA study area can voluntarily have their urine tested to see what levels of arsenic are in their bodies. Urinary arsenic monitoring is generally accepted by scientists, including EPA scientists, as the most reliable method for measuring the exposure to arsenic.

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

:5

From March 1 to July 31st of this year, 44 adults and children had their urine tested. All of their test results were within the normal range and all but two of the individuals had levels of arsenic so low that the lab instruments couldn't detect if this was arsenic. This information again underscores what previous studies have concluded: that arsenic levels are continuing to decline in the community and that there is no public health threat from the arsenic here.

As many of you know, Asarco has thoroughly reviewed all the data available about arsenic and all the studies of risk assessment that have looked at Ruston and North Tacoma. There's no secret that we do not agree with EPA on how a risk assessment should be done. EPA seems to believe that the numerous public health studies that have been done in this area are not important in making their decisions on whether to remove the soil in this area. Asarco continues to believe that massive cleanup of yards in Ruston and North Tacoma is not appropriate.

Asarco believes that the most important project underway in the community right now is the cleanup of the smelter site. We are committed to cleaning up the smelter site, and we'll begin demolition of the buildings in the next few weeks. There are yards immediately around the smelter with extraordinary levels of metals

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

2

4

6

5

7

8

10

11

12

13

15

16

17

18.

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

that need to be cleaned up. Asarco will take care of that problem, also.

In the meantime, efforts should be centered in getting the smelter site remediated and ready for future development and not in planing how to tie up the community for years with a disruption of a massive soil removal effort.

This entire investigation has resulted in EPA making a policy decision. They are not considering scientific facts and the hard data that actually exists, which tells everyone that the Ruston/North Tacoma area is a healthy, safe place to live.

Asarco believes that in-depth analogy information is crucial and we urge residents to consider public health studies, as well as risk information, in making a decision on whether we think the cleanup is needed.

We hope that you will also review the details of the proposed plan very carefully and think about the impacts that this proposal might have on your day-to-day lives for the next several years.

This policy decision is not just up to EPA to decide.

The law requires the government to consider residents'

opinions, and we encourage you to give your opinions to

EPA between now and October 17th.

Thank you.

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

.5

16 17 18

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

20 21

19

22

23

24

25

MS. PIRZADEH: Thank you, (b) .

(b) (6) ?

either barely inside the shaded area or else barely outside the shaded area. I can't tell for sure at this point, which is probably more my ability and concern for this than your map.

But in any case, probably much to the amazement of the EPA representatives tonight, I'm here to speak in favor of the proposed plan from EPA. For a couple of reasons, I am pretty well convinced that there is a significant health risk there.

And number two, whether we like it or not, it definitely does have a reflection upon the property values. And the sooner we can remove the soils, in my opinion, the better. So let's get on with it. Thank you.

I also want to clarify, I am not a federal employee.

I do not work for EPA and never have, and I suspect I never will. Neither does (b)(6) or any relative of mine.

MS. PIRZADEH: Thank you.

(b) (6) ?

(b) : I have one property that we live on, my house. And it's been tested at 250 parts per

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

 million, over 250. I think it was 278. And I vigorously want my yard excavated and my soil tapped, vigorously.

I have three young children and three animals that are in the dirt and into my house. It just retches my stomach when I give them baths at night, wondering what the soils that they've been playing in might do to them in the future.

And I want to applaud EPA for their effort and I'm glad they're there and I'm glad they're doing what they're doing.

I also feel that it is better that we err on the side of caution than to err on the side where the dollars and cents come in. I think it's better that we take the caution, that EPA takes the cautious road rather than:

Well, we'll just see what happens 20 years down the road.

I don't want to look at my children dying from cancer 20 years down the road.

Thank you.

MS. PIRZADEH: Thank you.

(p) (e) 3

(b) : I'm (b)(6) . I'm a resident of Ruston. I do believe in adequate testing, current adequate testing, and I'm glad some of it has been done. I don't want your children to die from cancer either. But I have neighbors and some of them are mill workers

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

24

25

and I've seen their children and they work their whole life there and some of them are retired. It doesn't seem to me that they're very sick.

Now, I know that that doesn't fit your criteria. But I do believe that if EPA is going to do what they're going to do, then I think they ought to go to Point Defiance Park and take care of that, too. All of Tacoma uses that, and I see children on their lawn a lot more than mine.

I also think that they ought to round up the dock worker and tell him, Hey, you better move your boats, we're going to have to take care of this slag. What do you think of that?

I just think you better look at what you say and what you do, and do it fairly through that whole Point, because I think it's taxpayer's wasted money. That's what I think.

Thank you.

MS. PIRZADEH: Thank you.

(b). It doesn't have a first name, it's just an initial (. Is that person still here? No. Okay.

(b) (6)

(b)(6): I'd like to applaud EPA for the conscientious effort they have and put in an applaud for removal on demand, and let me elaborate on that.

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

After 20 years, I

I live at (b)(6)

acquired some property there, which I've been growing
Christmas trees on and cultivating and working for about
15 years. And when I first started, I had the soil
checked for fertility and found that it was 80 parts per
million in a fairly random sampling and several samplings
eight inches deep. However, because of some requirements
across the road for development that required stripping

four inches off the top, I participated in the EPA study.

And I found that my level, at one point, is over twice

their limit. So consequently, I am concerned about what

has to be done there in the disposition of my property.

I've been told verbally that they would take care of this in some sort of a meaningful way. Of course, that won't stand up in court. I'd like to see that in some kind of written form. Being a farmer, I am very partial for preserving topsoil and it requires hundreds of years to generate, and I've got trees 50 to 60, maybe 80 feet high that would be very difficult to retain if they come in and take off topsoil.

So my plug here is that, in terms of priority, to do it on demand for those people that are concerned. Get with them first and, as the need arises for other people, as they try to dispose of their property, having problems with realtors or with banks or whatever, that you can

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001
Certified Minority/Women Business No: W2F0107754

2

1

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13 14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

come in in a timely fashion and remediate it at no cost to the homeowner or the resident. And hopefully, that will alleviate a lot of the hysteria or whatever and a lot of the cost in a no-win situation. And have an opportunity for a regulated or a manageable removal process and not get involved in the hysteria of trying to move it all at once.

Thank you.

MS. PIRZADEH: Thank you.

(b) (6)

(b) I have none.

MS. PIRZADEH: You pass on that. Okay.

(b) (6) Sorry if mispronounced your name.

(b) : My name is (b)(6) . I'm the last

(b) (6)

Well, I've worked as a plumber all my life, up to a while, up until I went into the machine shop business. So I was kind of around the mill. I was the first one to run copper piping in Tacoma. In those days, we used lead and solder.

I have had copper piping in my home for 40 years with nothing, no reaction on my wife or kids or anything. So a lot of this is bull, in my opinion. It depends on the person and how they maintain their own health. I fought for copper here and up in King County, so it was in both

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

- 6

communities. A lot of this is blown way out of proportion. But when it comes to the smelter, that's another story.

I moved out to University Place. In 1950, I moved in. I planted my lawn. That summer, that lawn was burned out in one weekend. I got up one Sunday morning and went outside, took one breath and started crying and coughing at the same time. I called the smelter and I got a real nice answer. So it wasn't just right around the smelter that some of this stuff is going on.

Some of the plants down on the flats had arsenic up in the beams. One time I was down there working on some stuff and had to get up there to cut some stuff and set it on fire (inaudible words). And so there's a lot of things entering into it that's not being considered.

The other thing is, how much contaminated sludge, at least as far as contamination determination, is scattered all over the tideflats and all over the town that's being used in driveways and stuff? Is there any tracing put out on it? And what's the contamination on the spot that is left? Is there any records on that from the smelter or anybody else?

If you're going into a problem, you have to take the whole problem. It isn't just one little area. Because I have -- I leased a shop down in the tideflats in

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates)
4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D
Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

(inaudible word). They had tremendous amounts of that slag and they dumped it all around there. Is there any records on that? Does it contaminate the bay? Is there any hazards there? These are the things that bother me.

Now, there is some non-deeded alleys in town. Is any of that slag on that? We have no one up there on the north end. True, the City goes through there and everything, but they won't grade it. They didn't finish. So I'm going to patch the hole, and I'm retired now, so I guess it's up to me to kind of help in the area.

And I've raised the issue that the fire department can't get through that alley now, because it's too narrow on one end. The garbage trucks can come through, but the fire department can't. But the utility trucks are getting in there somehow to get to those poles. There's a driveway right through there, but it's not needed. So there's all kinds of things coming into this whole program that I haven't heard mentioned.

The other thing is you're testing for arsenic over at the schools and so forth and different areas, like over to -- up in Ruston. Is anybody taking the time to test the air in those buildings to see if there's any contamination coming from something that's dust or whatever in the building that's affecting the kids?

I find it's the same down at the County-City

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

Building where people were being sick all the time in different departments. You go in and check it out. Now, I'm just a lay person. I used to go to the town meetings down there with the council. You come off that tenth floor and you're half groggy. You get down to the second floor, there's people working in there, cleaning up and so forth. I asked them, I said, Are any of you people sick lately? Yeah, the whole crew is going to the doctor.

They shut the ventilation off of a certain vent one night and then you find out that they're monkeying with the doggone air conditions in there, or the flow of air. Put partitions up, put one on one side and return on the other wall and so forth. So we're getting into all kind of problems coming into this, whether you like it or not, and don't forget it.

You go over to the hospital, you go up to get -- look out there and here's a two-inch vent, two windows with an open end. Plumbing vent, so sewer and gas can nicely flow right into where they're testing you for your lungs. It don't make sense.

We've had close government, but why wasn't it followed? I'm going to have to trace that one out and (inaudible).

But anyway, I'm not trying to raise a big issue, but

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

the man up here said something about ties being 1 contaminated, I think. 2 Was I right on that? Were those ties taken out down 3 on Ruston? MR. COCHRAN: The levels of contamination were about equivalent to what is proposed to be left on the 6 site here. 7 To be left on the site? 8 9 MR. COCHRAN: Yeah. So they were okay for somebody to 10 11 use? MR. COCHRAN: The contamination from the 12 13 creosote was worse. 14 : Well, we can live with creosote, we've lived with it all our lives. 15 16 Thank you. 17 MS. PIRZADEH: Thank you. (b) (6) 18 19 My name is (b)(6) I am a retired smelter worker. I put in 28 and a half years 20 there. I've been around arsenic for -- well, not 21 continually, but starting in the 1930's when we used 22 23 arsenic to dust our potato plants. 24 And in the smelter, I worked in the Roaster Department that was next door to the arsenic plant. 25

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

22 .

I worked as a crane operator in a fine ore shed and I made up many, many mixes of the arsenic mix they put out through there.

I'm past 78 years old and nobody has ever found any sign of cancer in me. And we have lots of men down there that were way up in years and no cancer in them.

The last 12 or 15 years that the smelter operated, the management didn't run the production part of it. We had meteorologists in there, that's weather people, and they checked the weather and if the weather was showing bad, we shut it down until they said it was clear.

Nobody dared cross them and tell them that the plant had to run. It just didn't run when they said so. Just held the fires down to a minimum and that was it.

In 1950, an arsenic plant was installed next to there and took the stuff that was going to the stack and ran it through there and made arsenic. Somewhere's in the sixties, an (inaudible) fruit plant was built and you can tell what it is. It's on the Tacoma — in the Tacoma City limits. It's the far end of the plant there with all those big pipes in there, and there would be a lot of acid there.

One other thing, you know, plants like a smelter, steel mills or that, they are dirty plants. And we have to take the brunt of every criticism from the public that

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates)
4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D
Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

. 8

1

2

ever was known when we attempted, from the inside of the plant, to organize and get that dust cleaned up in there.

We got shot down many, many times and they claimed we were a bunch of communists. And I never had anything to do with a communist or anything else, and I'd just like to let you know that.

Also, there was a lead smelter many years ago at Everett. The plant was gone and everything, and I understand there was homes on there. Is the EPA now going to go up there and move all them homes off that property?

It looks to me that this is an overblown thing and somebody's got a real grudge against the Asarco Corporation. And with all this millions of dollars being spent, now that's \$80 billion to clean up that soil over there, apparently there's a movement behind there to see if they can't break Asarco financially.

> MS. PIRZADEH: Thank you.

I don't know about this one: (b)(6)

25

(b) (6) My name is (b)(6)

> and I work for the (inaudible) and I go out and do stuff. But what I'd like to see done is that we help the area, the environment can be clean. Because my friends are complaining to me that the areas that I'm playing in and

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

L 8

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

if we get down there and a lot of people getting down there, so I'd like to see a more cleaner and healthier.

And I hope that whatever you guys have to do, I hope it's right.

Thanks.

MS. PIRZADEH: Thank you.

Those are all the people that signed up to give a comment. Has anyone else decided that they'd like to present a comment this evening?

* * * * * * *

QUESTION-AND-ANSWER PERIOD

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I'd just like to ask one more question that everybody has brought up.

In that area, as in ours, we live on a dirt road with a dirt alley. All the dust is generated from the dirt, the dirt. It's from the roads. But you say that in order to take care of the roads, you have to go through the city.

But we've -- Years ago, I said, Why don't you pave this street? And the city said, We don't have anything to do with it. It's not a private road, we can't cut it off, but we don't take responsibility for it, one way or the other.

If you don't pave the roads, you might as well not do anything, because the dust is coming from the roads. The

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

2

1

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

13

14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24

25

yards are, most of them, covered with grass and sod and plants for years and years and years. The dust is from the roads.

If you want to do anything that will help, do the roads. Leave people's yards alone, unless people want it.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I think that's a great idea.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Do the roads, cover the ground. Cover the bare dirt.

MS. PIRZADEH: Any other comments?

Let me just -- Is there anyone else that would like to give a comment this evening? But again, you will see a response to it in the Responsiveness Summary that we'll be preparing.

Did you want to add to your comment?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yeah. Is there -- This is more of a question than a comment.

Would it be conceivable that EPA could send out a post-card type thing for voting to each of the residents that says, I want my yard cleaned up, check it, I don't want my yard cleaned up, check it. And then, with postage paid, they would send it back. Make one check and then send it back and then post it in their mailbox and send it back to you?

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

MS. PIRZADEH: Well, I think I can respond to that in part. And probably, since I think we've received in comments, not that specific suggestion, but that idea.

One of the things that a couple of people have come up and asked me, and I think one of the other EPA representatives is, what if I don't want this? And as we've tried to mention many times this evening, that our proposed plan calls for working with homeowners.

I think something to keep in mind is that EPA, or Asarco if Asarco does end up doing the work, we'd have to request permission from the homeowner to sample their property or to do work on their property. We have to negotiate or work with you to get an access agreement. So I think that's something to keep in mind, in terms of you feeling satisfied that what we would be proposing to do would be what you're comfortable with.

Our program really isn't set up to take a vote, as you called it. I think, especially in this instance, we're saying right now that we have an estimated area that may require cleanup. But we can't even cite specific property owners at this point, because we have to do additional sampling as we proposed.

But I think, you know, right now it is a perfect opportunity for us to hear from everyone. And we've heard your comments and appreciate them this evening, as

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

to what you think. And then we might deal with you directly in relationship to your specific property, but at a later opportunity.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Why don't you take a hand vote tonight and get some idea?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: That's a good idea.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: You know, at least you'd get an idea, with our group, how many people are for this drastic thing and how many people are against it.

MS. PIRZADEH: Well, again, I think that if somebody has a strong opinion, if they're for or against it tonight, I'd encourage you -- we've got, you know, another 20 minutes to come up and make that comment. Write us a letter.

You're telling me right now, I mean, I don't know if you're telling me you're for or against it. If you have a comment that you want to submit to us, now's the time.

So again, you know, if everybody wants to know what other people think, you know, you guys can go ahead and take a vote amongst yourselves. But that's not something that we're set up to respond to.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Isn't that what you need to know to make this decision?

MS. PIRZADEH: We need to know what you think.

But I can't -- We need to know what you think, yes. And

25 But

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

that's what we're asking for, we're asking for public comments.

But everybody that might be impacted by this isn't in this room, and so it wouldn't be fair for us to take a vote and say, half of the people that came to the public meeting on October the 2nd were for it and the other half weren't, so we can make a decision based on that. It affects a lot more people than that.

So we'll take a couple more. If there are some more comments, we'll take -- For the next 20 minutes, we can take some additional questions and then we'll have to close the meeting.

Sir? I'd bring this up to you if I could reach, but ...

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I can make it that far. MS. PIRZADEH: Okay.

(b) : I'm (b)(6) . I taught school here in Tacoma for about 20 years and I'm 80 years old. The length of time that I have to worry about arsenic is minimal.

We had a -- someone asked me what the effect has been on me, if we noticed any effects since the smelter shut down, and I says no. So as far as the arsenic is concerned, I had to pay taxes, and so far as with the sulfur is concerned is just (inaudible words) residents.

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates)
4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D
Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001
Certified Minority/Women Business No: W2F0107754

a

21

22

23

24

25

But as far as you're concerned, I like to eat dirt.

My mother makes my sister go out in the garden and bring

me a clot of dirt. But that kept up until my sister

brought me one about the size of an ostrich egg, and that

cured me about eating dirt every day.

But I think, so far as the stack is concerned, they should get orientation or get to the point of orientation. And unless the dust gets so thick that I can't see it, I can always find my way home.

I know a few people who have -- they like respect for your money. They'll have to sit on this, they have a better right to sit on the dirt.

Thank you.

MS. PIRZADEH: The gentlemen up there, go ahead.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: On the calls that you receive, do you have any idea of how it goes, how many want it and how many don't want it? Can you give that information out?

MS. PIRZADEH: Of the calls that we have received, how many people have said they have called and said they wanted soil removal, versus how many people called and said they haven't?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Right. How many want the system to go ahead and how many don't?

MS. PIRZADEH: Well, maybe Piper -- Well, either

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

-

О

one of us, we both take a lot of phone calls.

Again, you know, generally people call up because they have a specific concern or they have something that they want to ask us, or for more information, that kind of thing.

Generally, I don't get calls from people saying, Gee,
I think I want soil removal or I don't. Most of the
time, that comes in our public comment letters and that
type of thing, or meetings such as this.

You know, we get, again, people saying both things. Some people say they don't want this to happen and other people say that they think it's a good idea. Which I think is just what you heard here tonight, from the comments that people have presented. Some of you think this is a good idea and some of you don't.

And you know, I don't have -- Again, I think this question was asked earlier. We don't have a tally of how many people have called and said one thing versus another. But again, all of the comments we receive, we will respond to in the Responsiveness Summary, so that you can see what other members of the community have had to say.

Yes?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: You made a statement that the stack was, in your opinion, would go down probably in

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates)
4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D
Tacoma, Washington 98402
Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

23

24

25

November. Isn't that what you said?

MS. PIRZADEH: I didn't make that statement.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Well, whoever did.

MS. PIRZADEH: But somebody -- I think that is the projected date.

Tom Aldrich from Asarco, is that accurate? October, or excuse me, November is still the tentative time frame?

MR. ALDRICH: It's November, early December, right in there. As I mentioned in my statement, that we're going to get underway with the demolition activities at the smelter here in the next couple of weeks from now.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I thought you said going down in a couple of weeks?

MS. PIRZADEH: Okay. There's many other demolition activities, I think is what Tom's referring to.

This gentleman from the back here?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Are you going to go ahead with this project, from what you hear?

MS. PIRZADEH: I'm going to let him get his comment in.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I live in the study area.

To answer the lady's question, she said -- actually wanted to know if I work for the federal government. I

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

don't. I just work for the EPA.

One thing I did want to say is that I want to thank
Asarco for having the community neighborhood groups that
they've had to inform people in the study area.

I also want to thank the EPA and the EPA working with Asarco, and both of them working with the community. I'm fairly happy with what I see here.

If you look at the list of concerns that citizens have about additional sampling, varying the remedy, disposal of materials, working with homeowners, reducing the time frames, deed notices and property values, I'm pretty happy with what I see. So I want to say thanks to both of you.

MS. PIRZADEH: Thank you.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Would you answer my question, please?

MS. PIRZADEH: Your question is, will we go ahead with it, regardless of what we hear?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yes.

MS. PIRZADEH: EPA is serious about looking into public comments. And actually, I think the gentleman that just spoke, nicely presented that our preferred alternative was put together primarily as a result of public comments that we heard last time.

We had six alternatives that we proposed for 60 days

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

during the public comment period, in the spring or the winter and spring months. And it appeared that none of those alternatives really met the kinds of comments that we heard. So what we tried to do was put elements out of those alternatives to address the community concerns that we heard.

Again, once we get all of the comments, we will review those and consider those to see if we need to make modifications to our proposal, based on that.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: What you're saying is that you're going to go ahead?

MS. PIRZADEH: No, I'm not saying that.

I'm saying that we are going to evaluate public comments and that we've had to make changes to this proposed plan, based on public comments.

I think that if you read the proposed plan where we summarize the public comments that we received last time, we've demonstrated that we did take public comments seriously during the last public comment period, and we intend to do that again.

Yes?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I have to say that I've lived in the north end, on (b)(6) for approximately 22 years. Years ago, I can remember times of not being able to go out of the house because the

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

•

sulfur was so strong, as some other gentleman has mentioned.

I also remember having to have my car rebuffed because the sulfur pitted my car paint. I have aluminum siding where it has bubbled on the backside facing the smelter.

I wonder, because of this, what is in the soil that in the years, through the years, is going to do that kind of damage to me, to my children, to other children who have lived in the area for a long time?

There are a lot of new people in the area who can't really get in on this study. I mean, there's been a lot of people move in and move out that aren't in -- can't really be in this study, that I see.

And as far as the smelter and living to old age, I'm very happy to hear about those that have made it. But there are those that did not, that did come down with emphysema and that did come down with lung cancer, and I'm sure each and every one of you know one or two of them.

Thank you.

MS. PIRZADEH: Thank you.

Yes?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I'd like to know, is the Everett smelter safe? People who have lived right on the

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates)
4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D
Tacoma, Washington 98402
Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

smelter site for 45 years and raised families, and they have arsenic of 230 thousand parts per million, I wonder what analogies you've discovered up there?

MS. PIRZADEH: Well, the Department of Ecology, the State Department of Ecology is working with Asarco on that particular site.

I am personally not familiar with the information.

Maybe one of the others are and we'd be happy to get you information on that. EPA is not in the lead there, the Department of Ecology is.

But Asarco, as we understand, has agreed to do an investigation up there and take some interim steps. And we'd be happy to get you some information on that, following the meeting.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Well, what you've done you've is made it -- If you're going to clean it up, if you're not, you're not. Because what you've done in between this period is to make it virtually impossible for anyone to get involved in that area. You go and you talk to somebody that wants to buy your house, someone is interested in buying your house, you never hear from them again.

And then I called, got a hold of them myself to see what they're going through: Did you talk to a bank?

Yeah, I had a loan with them for 30 years, no problem.

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

And they said, Yeah we can get you a loan, no problem.

As soon as you say it's in the shaded area -- I mean, what's the shaded area? That's the contamination from Asarco; absolutely not. Their supervisor -- Well, go talk to my supervisor. You go and talk to the supervisor and the answer is, We will not loan money on contaminated property, period.

Three banks, I talked to last week.

MS. PIRZADEH: Okay. I guess if you would talk with one of us after the meeting. As I said earlier in my presentation, we've put on seminars and done other things to work with banks.

We have been told by other representatives - I don't know what bank you're talking about and maybe you'd like to talk with one of us after - that they are loaning money. We've talked with representatives of Freddie Mac and Fannie Mae and FHA and they have, you know, told us that as long as people understand what they're buying and as long as EPA has its policy towards residential homeowners, as it symbolizes the liability rule, that they don't have a problem with buying those loans.

That's what we've been told by those agencies.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: That's not what they tell us.

MS. PIRZADEH: So yes, so I guess we'd like to

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

.

-4

hear and talk to you and see if maybe we could get you some information that you are having a problem with.

We'd be happy to try and work with you on it.

Are there any other questions for this matter?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yeah. I'm just curious about one thing. If you take this dirt and take it someplace else, even if it's not a populated place right now, aren't you giving our problems to someone else?

MS. PIRZADEH: Maybe I could ask Piper just to address the kinds of controls and so forth that are a part of the landfill-type that we're proposing, and then we'll get to your question.

MS. PETERSON: Currently, as I said, this waste is a state dangerous waste. And so where those soils need to be stored is in a hazardous waste facility which is located in Arlington, Oregon. They have land, they take collection and detection systems. They have covers. They don't allow wind or rain or that type of thing to contact those soils.

If the state grants a dangerous waste exemption, the same type of controls are necessary, but there may be not quite as many bells and whistles. Still, all of the controls above and below the cap and the liner, again, the detection and collection system.

Something that they're considering in the exemption

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

1 is that they dedicate one area only for Ruston soils, so that other types of things don't come into contact with them and perhaps mobilize the contamination so that it doesn't become a groundwater problem and, like you said, somebody else's problem.

Two, we take the soils in a truck and remove them from a person's yard into a truck. We would require that truck bed be covered. That road -- that truck tires be cleaned. And again, dedicated transportation routes and that type of thing.

So those are concerns that we have and we don't want them to become somebody else's problem. And we would be taking it to a place that's designated to take this soil.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Now, see, if I lived in Arlington and knew that this was going on, I would resent it.

MS. PETERSON: Well, that's -- It's gone through the siting process and the communities have had an opportunity to say, yes they do, or no, they don't want these landfills. And where the landfills are located, the communities have accepted the risk and that type of thing that are associated with them.

So there are already areas that are designated and sited. We are not creating a new area to the State of Oregon.

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

O

1

23

24

25

MS. PIRZADEH: Yes, Ma'am? 1 2 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Since this is a public 3 comment, I --MS. PIRZADEH: Could you speak up just a little bit? 5 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I would appreciate knowing which of the three banks that he most recently 7 dealt with? Because I, as a homeowner, want to make sure that I don't deal with them. I wouldn't know, except for 10 this meeting. 11 MS. PIRZADEH: Okay. I think you'd have to ask 12 him if he's comfortable with that. And if not, maybe you 13 can --14 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Well, one is my bank, is Seattle First. 15 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: That's what I wanted to 16 17 know. 18 Do you feel comfortable saying the other two? 19 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: No. 20 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Okay. That's fine. 21 MS. PIRZADEH: Any other questions? 22 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I'm trying to look at the 23 My wife's worked in a job when I married her. 24 MS. PIRZADEH: I'm sorry. I can't hear you. 25 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: For 51 years my wife

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

.

worked in a job in the north end. Her first husband worked over at the smelter, then he went out on his own in a machine business. I've been there 19 years.

My question to you is, what kind of flack are we going to get from real estate bankers and so forth? Like some of us old-timers are going to be selling the property and moving into a rest home, I suppose. I hope not, but you never know.

What kind of ramification are the people in this area going to get on trying to dispose of their property at a fair price? Or what kind of restrictions are we going to have with moving, by the EPA or whatever is needed, to secure the rights to sell that property at a fair price?

MS. PIRZADEH: He has some good information for you.

MR. GOLD: Well, one thing that's in the proposed plan is that if we do conduct a cleanup on your property, we'll send you a letter telling you what we've done and the property that the cleanup has been completed. And we believe that you can take that information and use it for purposes of property transactions, and use it as a notice and a deed.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Beyond a reasonable doubt, that's legal terms. Now, let's get gown to facts.

I want to know what is going to be legal now, not

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates)
4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D
Tacoma, Washington 98402
Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

6 6,, 20.

Τ,

wait until something's done and then somebody gets in a jam out here not selling their properties.

What's definite on this? Is there anything definite so far?

What's coming from the hierarchy back east to tell

you what is going to be in the law to protect the
homeowner, that's trying to abide by the law, to protect
his interest as far as selling that property at a fair
price?

And due to the fact that it's been in a contaminated area, due to the fact that you've given that slip out, that doesn't assure us of anything. As this man here said, the banks are already blowing out on some of these areas and some people are getting hurt unnecessarily, in my opinion. Others may be a question mark. I'm not trying to argue with you here.

MR. GOLD: Right. Right.

I think the best response I can give you now is how we've addressed the question of who's going to pay for the cleanup costs. And that it was a concern throughout the community that somehow, and in some association with the ownership, could present a hidden danger, a financial liability down the road. Financial liability for the cleanup.

Yes. What's coming down to EPA headquarters, we have

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

3

5

9

10

11

12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24

25

two things: One is a policy that says that owners of residential property generally will not liable for cleanup costs. And this applies to people who buy a piece of residential property, even knowing that it's contaminated. Even those people, potential buyers, will not be held liable for the cleanup costs.

Also of interest to the banks, who are very much a part of real estate transactions, is that even if they have a security interest in their property, if they have a mortgage and for some reason they have to foreclose on that mortgage, they will not be liable for the cleanup costs.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I think what I'm trying to say to you is people want security now in these times. And as long as people have everything tied up in their property, they know that eventually they want to sell. And here we're getting this legal turnover all the time, not beyond a reasonable doubt. And I'm trying to clarify that with you, and you with your upper people.

People want security now. If you're going to come into a contaminated area, what's going to secure them as far as equality in the law and as far as their property value and their ability to sell without a bunch of legal court cases and all that jazz down the road, and somebody refuses to finance you or whatever?

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001 Certified Minority/Women Business No: W2F0107754

E Lyman -

And I'm not trying to blow this all out of proportion. I'm trying to say, hey, what is the problem out here? And I'm looking at that right now and I'm saying, if a fellow near me says he has an old shack and he wants to fix it up, he got it already — asked people from the bank for the loan but it hasn't gone through. I know what the problem is, but I didn't say anything to him. That's why I'm here tonight. People around here are concerned.

MR. GOLD: I've described our policies on residential properties.

EPA will continue to work with the banks, with the real estate appraisers, with the agents, with other lending institutions to try to address property transactions, that they continue at this time to go through.

And if you have a specific suggestion on what you think we should do to help this situation, let us know.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I'd like to see some reports come out in your data that you send out to the people about the status that is involved: what you've done, who you've contacted, whatever you do. I think that would really relieve a lot of people.

MS. PIRZADEH: The gentleman up there in the back?

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: If and when the EPA comes in and cleans my property, will it be deemed clean?

MS. PIRZADEH: He asked, if and when EPA comes in and cleans his property, will it be deemed as uncontaminated.

MR. GOLD: What we plan on doing is after the excavation has taken place, to take confirmation samples so we'll know, at that point, whether or not we've removed the arsenic and lead contamination above our action levels.

That's the kind of information we would put in a letter to you.

MS. PIRZADEH: Okay. We've got time for a couple more questions. Your hand was raised.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Being as how EPA came in and said our properties are all contaminated in there, would the EPA also be willing to go into our tax auditors and tax assessors and tell them that we should have, as our famous hilltop area in Tacoma has, a straight across-the-board 25 percent reduction in our property taxes?

If we can't refinance our houses, if we can't sell our houses, if we're ultimately responsible for doing something with our investments in our properties, and our taxes continually go up 10, 20 percent per year, but we

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001
Certified Minority/Women Business No: W2F0107754

23

24

25

can't refinance them for that 10, 20 percent per year, you're a federal agency; can you come in and recommend or will you come in and recommend that some type of a percentage is taken off of our property taxes?

If we can't refinance them, why should we have to pay the property taxes on them? You brought the stigma on our properties. Will you help us now in the financial problems that you've caused us?

MR. GOLD: Over the past year, we've worked very closely with the political leadership of the Town of Ruston, City of Tacoma, and we can discuss that issue with them. To see what their opinion is on, should something be done differently with respect to tax assessments.

It's not EPA's responsibility to make that type of determination. We can sit down with representatives who have that authority.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Do you feel that it should be done?

MR. GOLD: I don't think -- Our sense is that EPA's activities have not resulted in a universal decline of property values in Ruston/North Tacoma, so I would not advise a general policy along those lines.

MS. PIRZADEH: Sir, one last quick question.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Will there ever be or how

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

are you going to approach the blanket-way public knowledge of the contaminated areas? Is that going to be like a Superfund recorded, and then released as you re-test after the procedure is done on the properties?

MR. GOLD: Piper mentioned a data base about, if we'll be taking more soil samples. We put the information in a data base. And that's our proposal now for storing that type of information.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: So you will not be (inaudible words) for Superfund cleanup recorded against that area?

MR. GOLD: That's not our plan at this time.

MS. PIRZADEH: Okay. One final question?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Well, I was just wondering, I've heard a rumor also that once this is all done and everything is packed, you have to leave the ground the way it is.

Are we not going to be able to roto-till and have our gardens like we always have? I mean, is this going to stir up the dirt again? So if it does, who wants to live that way?

To add to that, if you wanted to plant a tree and the root system goes lower than your ten inches, what happens if it goes into that cap?

MR. GOLD: Okay. To respond to the first

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001
Certified Minority/Women Business No: W2F0107754

L. Since

question, our -- We're going to attempt to get all of the soil above the action levels out of the property. Once we do that, then essentially, the person can use their property for any use, if we have removed all the soil above the action levels.

We have a limit of practicability. What we're saying is that if contamination is below 18 inches, that we're not going to excavate that deep. That we'll put a soil cap — We'll excavate down to 18 inches, put a soil cap over it, and that we would start to work with you to ensure that if you do any soil activities in the cap, that you don't break through the cap to expose any contaminated soil.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: What about tree roots, won't the roots break up the cap automatically?

MR. GOLD: Even if roots break through the cap, that won't be a danger to human health.

MS. PIRZADEH: Okay. That's all the time we have, in terms of our formal meeting and presentation.

I'd like to thank you all for coming and staying throughout the meeting and thank you very much for your comments.

Again, I'd encourage you to make sure you're on the mailing list by signing up on the sign-in sheet out front and you can look for -- the comment period is still open

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

1	until October the 17th.
2	We'll be here for a few minutes afterwards if anyone
3	has individual questions they'd like to ask us. And
4	again, thank you all for coming.
5	
6	PUBLIC HEARING MEETING CONCLUDED: 9:00 p.m.
7	·
8	
9	
10	
11	·
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402

Tacoma: 752-2101 Seattle: 838-6001

C-E-R-T-I-F-I-C-A-T-E1 2 STATE OF WASHINGTON 3 SS. COUNTY OF PIERCE 4 5 I, PAMELA J. FRANZ, a duly authorized Notary Public in and for the State of Washington, do hereby 6 certify that the preceeding meeting was recorded in 7 shorthand and later reduced to typewriting; that the 8 above and foregoing is a true and correct transcript of 9 10 the meeting given. I do further certify that I am not a relative 11 of, employee of, or counsel for either of said parties or 12 13 otherwise interested in the event of said proceedings. I HAVE HEREUNTO set my hand and affixed by 14 official seal this 28th day of October, 1992. 15 16 17 PAMELA J. FRANZ, Notary Public in and for the State of Washington, 18 residing at Tacoma. 19 CSR #:FRANZ*PJ085P8 20 21 22 23 24 25

BAYSIDE REPORTERS

(C. Rentel and Associates) 4041 Ruston Way, Suite 1-D Tacoma, Washington 98402